



```
42 // sketch_msp430fr243x_euscia0_uart_01.ino Modified for Energia HW 20180812
43 //*****
44
45 #include <msp430.h>
46
47 void Init_GPIO();
48
49 int main(void)
50 {
51     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;           // Stop watchdog timer
52
53     // Configure GPIO
54     Init_GPIO();                      // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode
55     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;             // to activate lPreviously configured port settings
56
57     __bis_SR_register(SCG0);          // disable FLL
58     CSCTL3 |= SELREF__REFOCLK;        // Set REFO as FLL reference source
59     CSCTL0 = 0;                      // clear DCO and MOD registers
60     CSCTL1 &= ~(DCORSEL_7);          // Clear DCO frequency select bits first
61     CSCTL1 |= DCORSEL_3;             // Set DCO = 8MHz
62     CSCTL2 = FLLED_0 + 243;          // DCODIV = 8MHz
63     __delay_cycles(3);
64     __bic_SR_register(SCG0);          // enable FLL
65     while(CSCTL7 & (FLLUNLOCK0 | FLLUNLOCK1)); // Poll until FLL is locked
66     CSCTL4 = SELMS__DCOCLKDIV | SELA__REFOCLK; // set default REFO(~32768Hz) as ACLK source, ACLK = 32768Hz
67                                         // default DCODIV as MCLK and SMCLK source
68
69
```

```
73 // Configure UART
74 UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST;
75 UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSSEL__SMCLK;
76
77 // Baud Rate calculation
78 // 8000000/(16*9600) = 52.083
79 // Fractional portion = 0.083
80 // User's Guide Table 14-4: UCBRSx = 0x49
81 // UCBRFx = int ( (52.083-52)*16) = 1
82 UCA0BR0 = 52;                                // 8000000/16/9600
83 UCA0BR1 = 0x00;
84 UCA0MCTLW = 0x4900 | UCOS16 | UCBRF_1;
85
86 UCA0CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;                      // Initialize eUSCI
87 UCA0IE |= UCRXIE;                            // Enable USCI_A0 RX interrupt
88
89 __bis_SR_register(LPM3_bits|GIE);            // Enter LPM3, interrupts enabled
90 __no_operation();                           // For debugger
91 }
92 }
```

```
93     #pragma vector=USCI_A0_VECTOR
94     __interrupt void USCI_A0_ISR(void)
95     {
96         switch(UCA0IV)
97         {
98             case USCI_NONE: break;
99             case USCI_UART_UCRXIFG:
100                 while(!(UCA0IFG&UCTXIFG));
101                 UCA0TXBUF = UCA0RXBUF;
102                 __no_operation();
103                 break;
104             case USCI_UART_UCTXIFG: break;
105             case USCI_UART_UCSTTIFG: break;
106             case USCI_UART_UCTXCPTIFG: break;
107             default: break;
108         }
109     }
110
111     void Init_GPIO()
112     {
113         P1DIR = 0xFF; P2DIR = 0xFF; P3DIR = 0xFF;
114         P1REN = 0xFF; P2REN = 0xFF; P3REN = 0xFF;
115         P1OUT = 0x00; P2OUT = 0x00; P3OUT = 0x00;
116     }
117
```

Screen shot of example program run

```
26 //*****This is the SOLUTION for default power up clock rate
27 //*****
28 #include <msp430.h>
29
30 unsigned char RXData = 0;
31 unsigned char TXData = 1;
32
33 int main(void)
34 {
35     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;           // Stop watchdog timer
36
37     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;             // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode
38                                         // to activate previously configured port settings
39     P1DIR |= BIT0;                   // P1.0 out low
40     P1OUT &= ~BIT0;
41
42     // Configure UART pins
43     P1SEL0 |= BIT4 | BIT5;           // set 2-UART pin as second function
44 }
```

```
44
45     // Configure UART for Power UP default clock rate
46     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST;                      // Put eUSCI in reset
47     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSSEL__SMCLK;                 // set equal to SMCLK
48
49     // Baud Rate calculation 115200 baud
50     UCA0BR0 = 8;                                // 1000000/115200 = 8.68
51     UCA0MCTLW = 0xD600;                         // 1000000/115200 - INT(1000000/115200)=0.68
52                                         // UCBRSx value = 0xD6 (See SLAU445G 23.3.10)
53
54     // 9600 baud
55     // UCA0BR0 = 104;                            // 1000000/9600 = 104.167  104
56     // UCA0MCTLW = 0x1100;                        //    0x11 = 0.167
57
58     UCA0CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;                     // Initialize eUSCI
59     UCA0IE |= UCRXIE;                          // Enable USCI_A0 RX interrupt
60
61     __bis_SR_register(LPM0_bits|GIE);          // Enter LPM0 CPU off, SMCLK running
62
63 }
```

```
64
65     #pragma vector=USCI_A0_VECTOR
66     __interrupt void USCI_A0_ISR(void)
67     {
68         switch(UCA0IV)
69         {
70             case USCI_NONE: break;
71             case USCI_UART_UCRXIFG:
72                 while(!(UCTXIFG&UCA0IFG));
73                 UCA0TXBUF = UCA0RXBUF;           // Load data onto buffer
74                 break;
75             case USCI_UART_UCTXIFG: break;
76             case USCI_UART_UCSTTIFG: break;
77             case USCI_UART_UCTXCPTIFG: break;
78         }
79     }
```

```
24 // LInG Znu Texas Instruments Inc. July 2015
25 // sketch_msp430fr243_uart_03.ino H Watson Energia Version 20180716
26 //*****This is the SOLUTION for default power up clock rate
27 //*****
28 #include <msp430.h>
29
30 unsigned char RXData = 0;
31 unsigned char TXData = 1;
32
33 int main(void)
34 {
35     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;           // Stop watchdog timer
36
37     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;             // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode
38                                         // to activate previously configured port settings
39     P1DIR |= BIT0;                   // P1.0 out low
40     P1OUT &= ~BIT0;
41
42     // Configure UART pins
43     P1SEL0 |= BIT4 | BIT5;           // set 2-UART pin as second function
44
45     // Configure UART for Power UP default clock rate
46     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST;           // Put eUSCI in reset
47     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSEL_0 | UCCLK_0 // Set eUSCI to CLK0
```

Done uploading.

```
Finished: 55%
Setting PC to entry point.: 55%
info: MSP430: Flash/FRAM usage is 294 bytes, RAM usage is 0 bytes.
Running...
Success
```



```
17 * sketch_BackUART2433.ino 20180814 H. Watson copyright
18 */
19
20 #include <msp430.h>
21 #include <stdio.h> // use for sprintf(), no putchar() required;
22
23 void UARTSendArray( char TxArray[]); // our simple printf()
24 unsigned char data; // received char data
25
26 char MyString [25]; // work buffer for sprintf()
27
28 int main(void)
29 {
30     WDTCTL = WDTPW + WDTHOLD; // Stop WDT
31
32 // clock system setup
33     __bis_SR_register(SCG0); // disable FLL
34     CSCTL3 |= SELREF__REFOCLK; // Set REFOCLK as FLL reference source
35     CSCTL0 = 0; // clear DCO and MOD registers
36     CSCTL1 &= ~(DCORSEL_7); // Clear DCO frequency select bits first
37     CSCTL1 |= DCORSEL_3; // Set DCOCLK = 8MHz
38     CSCTL2 = FLID_1 + 121; // FLID = 1, DCODIV = 4MHz
39     __delay_cycles(3);
40     __bic_SR_register(SCG0); // enable FLL
41     while(CSCTL7 & (FLLUNLOCK0 | FLLUNLOCK1)); // Poll until FLL is locked
42     CSCTL4 = SELMS__DCOCLKDIV | SELA__XT1CLK; // set ACLK = XT1 = 32768Hz, DCOCLK as MCLK and SMCLK source
43     CSCTL5 |= DIVM1; // SMCLK = MCLK = DCODIV/2 = 1MHz, by default
44
45     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5; // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode
46 // to activate l previously configured port settings
```

```
48
49     P1DIR |= BIT0 | BIT1 ; // RED = 0, GREEN = 1
50     P1OUT &= ~(BIT0 | BIT1); // Clear P1.0
51
52
53     /* Configure hardware UART */
54 // Configure UART pins
55     P1SEL0 |= BIT4 | BIT5;      // set 2-UART pin as second function  P1.4 - TX  P1.5 RX
56
57 // Configure UART
58     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST;
59     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSSEL__SMCLK;
60
61     UCA0BRR0 = 107;           // 1MHz SMCLK/9600 BAUD
62 //     UCA0BRR1 = 0x00;
63     UCA0MCTLW = 0x1100; // | UCOS16 | UCBRF_1;
64     UCA0CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;      UCA0IE |= UCRXIE;                                // Enable USCI_A0 RX interrupt
65
66 // wait for input
67     UARTSendArray("Waiting on input: \n"); // Polled output, so can send w/o GIE
68     __bis_SR_register(LPM0_bits + GIE); // Enter LPM0, interrupts enabled, wait for command
69 }
```

```
71 // RXed character ISR - others unused
72 #pragma vector=USCI_A0_VECTOR
73 _interrupt void USCI_A0_ISR(void)
74 {
75     // decode the UART Interrupt Vector see 21.4.12 UCAXIV Register
76     switch(UCA0IV)
77     {
78         case USCI_NONE: break;
79         case USCI_UART_UCRXIFG:
80             data = UCA0RXBUF;           // read the received char - also clears Interrupt
81 //             // Echo received char
82 //             while(!(UCA0IFG & UCTXIFG)); // Wait for TX buffer to be ready for new data
83 //             UCA0TXBUF = data; //Echo Write the character at the location specified by the pointer
84             RxInput();   // process the received char
85             break;
86         case USCI_UART_UCTXIFG: // Tx Interrupt - unused
87             break;
88         case USCI_UART_UCSTTIFG: break; // unused
89         case USCI_UART_UCTXCPTIFG: break; // unused
90     }
91 }
92 }
```

```
97 void RxInput()
98 {
99     // use sprintf to prepare string for output
100    sprintf(MyString, "Received command: %c\n", data);
101    UARTSendArray(MyString);
102    switch(data)
103    {
104        case 'R':
105        {
106            P1OUT |= BIT0;
107        }
108        break;
109        case 'r':
110        {
111            P1OUT &= ~BIT0;
112        }
113        break;
114        case 'G':
115        {
116            P1OUT |= BIT1;
117        }
118        break;
119        case 'g':
120        {
121            P1OUT &= ~BIT1;
122        }
123        break;
```

```
123     break;
124     case 'L':
125     {
126         int i;
127         for (i=0; i<10; i++)
128         {
129             sprintf(MyString, "MyString Value: %d\n",i);
130             UARTSendArray(MyString);
131         }
132         break;
133     }
134     default:
135     {
136         UARTSendArray("Unknown Command: \n");
137     }
138     break;
139 }
140 }
141
142 void UARTSendArray(char *TxArray)
143 {
144 // send a 'C' language string to the transmit port
145 // string has to be terminated with a binary '0' (according to C conventions)
146 // blocking is implicit in this function (will wait to finish string before returning)
147 // Impossible to run Tx Interrupt without circular queue - Then use putchar() w/ queue
148 while(*TxArray) // loop until binary zero (EOS)
149 {
150     while(!(UCA0IFG & UCTXIFG)); // Wait for TX buffer to be ready for new data
151     UCA0TXBUF = *TxArray++; //Write the character at the location specified by the pointer
152 }
153 }
```



/dev/ttyACM1

Received command: r  
Received command: R  
Received command: G  
Received command: g  
Received command: L  
MyString Value: 0  
MyString Value: 1  
MyString Value: 2  
MyString Value: 3  
MyString Value: 4  
MyString Value: 5  
MyString Value: 6  
MyString Value: 7  
MyString Value: 8  
MyString Value: 9

Autoscroll

No line ending ▾

9600 baud ▾

