

**PROBLEM 2.16**

**KNOWN:** Beginning from rest, and object of known mass slides down an inclined plane. The length of the ramp is given.

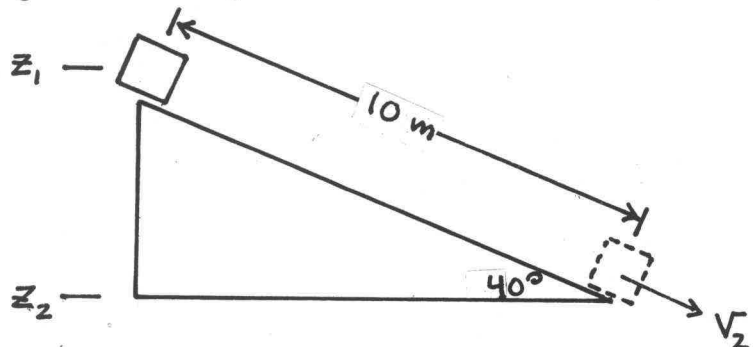
**FIND:** Determine the velocity of the object at the bottom of the ramp.

**SCHEMATIC & GIVEN DATA:**

$$m = 200 \text{ kg}$$

$$g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$V_1 = 0$$



**ENGR. MODEL:** (1) The mass is a closed system. (2) There is no friction between the mass and the ramp, and air resistance is negligible. (3) The acceleration of gravity is constant.

**ANALYSIS:** By assumption (2), the only force acting on the system is the force of gravity. Thus, Eq. 2.11 applies

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{1}{2} m (V_2^2 - V_1^2) + m g (z_2 - z_1) = 0$$

Solving for  $V_2$

$$V_2 = \sqrt{2g(z_1 - z_2)}$$

From trigonometric relationships

$$z_1 - z_2 = (10 \text{ m}) \sin 40^\circ$$

Thus

$$V_2 = \sqrt{2(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)(10 \text{ m}) \sin 40^\circ}$$

$$= 11.23 \text{ m/s} \leftarrow V_2$$

1. Even though the object travels along an inclined path, the vertical distance appears in this expression.

**PROBLEM 2.17**

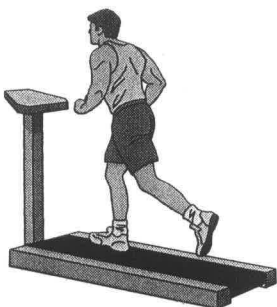


Fig. P2.17

- ⊙ Exercise value = 620 kcal
- ⊙ Caloric value, 1 cup of vanilla ice cream = 264 kcal (Internet)

To break even calorie-wise, Jack may have

$$\frac{620 \text{ kcal}}{264 \text{ kcal/cup}} = 2.35 \text{ cups}$$